



Russian Federation

59th GLOBAL RANK
OUT OF 187

61 COVERAGE SCORE
OUT OF 100

58 OPENNESS SCORE
OUT OF 100

Summary of Results

The Open Data Inventory (ODIN) measures how complete a country's statistical offerings are and whether their data meet international standards of openness. **Russian Federation ranks 59th in the Open Data Inventory 2020 with an overall score of 59.** The overall score is a combination of a data coverage subscore of 61 and a data openness subscore of 58.

Category Scores

Data Category	Coverage	Openness	Overall
Population & vital statistics	60	60	60
Education facilities	40	30	35
Education outcomes	40	30	35
Health facilities	40	90	65
Health outcomes	30	40	35
Reproductive health	80	50	65
Food security & nutrition	25	100	67
Gender statistics	30	40	35
Crime & justice	50	50	50
Poverty & income	60	30	45
Social Statistics subscore	46	52	49
National accounts	75	50	61
Labor	60	50	55
Price indexes	100	90	94
Government finance	75	80	78
Money & banking	100	80	88
International trade	50	30	38
Balance of payments	100	100	100
Economic Statistics subscore	79	69	73
Agriculture & Land Use	40	50	45
Resource use	88	50	67
Energy	50	60	56
Pollution	63	40	50
Built environment	70	60	65
Environment subscore	62	52	57
All Categories	61	58	59






Last updated: July 21, 2021

Rankings

	Coverage	Openness	Overall
Global OUT OF 187	33rd	75th	59th
Eastern Europe OUT OF 10	7th	10th	10th

Understanding the Scores

Each category receives a coverage and openness score. Coverage scores are based on five coverage elements* and openness scores are based on five openness elements. Overall scores are an average of all 10 criteria.

-  **Score 100**
Data in this category fulfill all ODIN coverage/openness criteria.
-  **Scores 81-99**
Data in this category fulfill most ODIN coverage/openness criteria.
-  **Scores 61-80**
Data in this category fulfill many ODIN coverage/openness criteria, but some important gaps remain.
-  **Scores 41-60**
Data in this category fulfill some ODIN coverage/openness criteria, but many important gaps remain.
-  **Scores 21-40**
Data in this category fulfill some ODIN coverage/openness criteria, but many important gaps remain.
-  **Scores 1-20**
Data in this category fulfill few ODIN coverage/openness criteria and there are significant gaps.
-  **Score 0**
Not enough data were published to meet the minimum threshold to receive a score.

*Some categories are only scored on 3 or 4 coverage criteria. View the coverage tab for more information.

Country Updates

No updates yet.

Want to submit an update or propose a correction? [Contact us](#)

Coverage

The Open Data Inventory (ODIN) assesses coverage based on five coverage elements described below. Each category receives a coverage score based on the amount of data available in that category. Average scores across all categories are shown in the chart below.

In general, coverage scores are based on the availability of indicators and disaggregations published, how many observations are available over the last 10 years, and if national and subnational data exist.

Indicators Not Published

Indicators are considered not published when no qualifying and disaggregated data are found. Not all indicators are required for full credit in every category.

18%

Number of Categories That Score 0

Categories that score 0 do not publish the minimum amount of data to receive a score. For most categories, the minimum amount of data is one indicator. There are 22 categories.

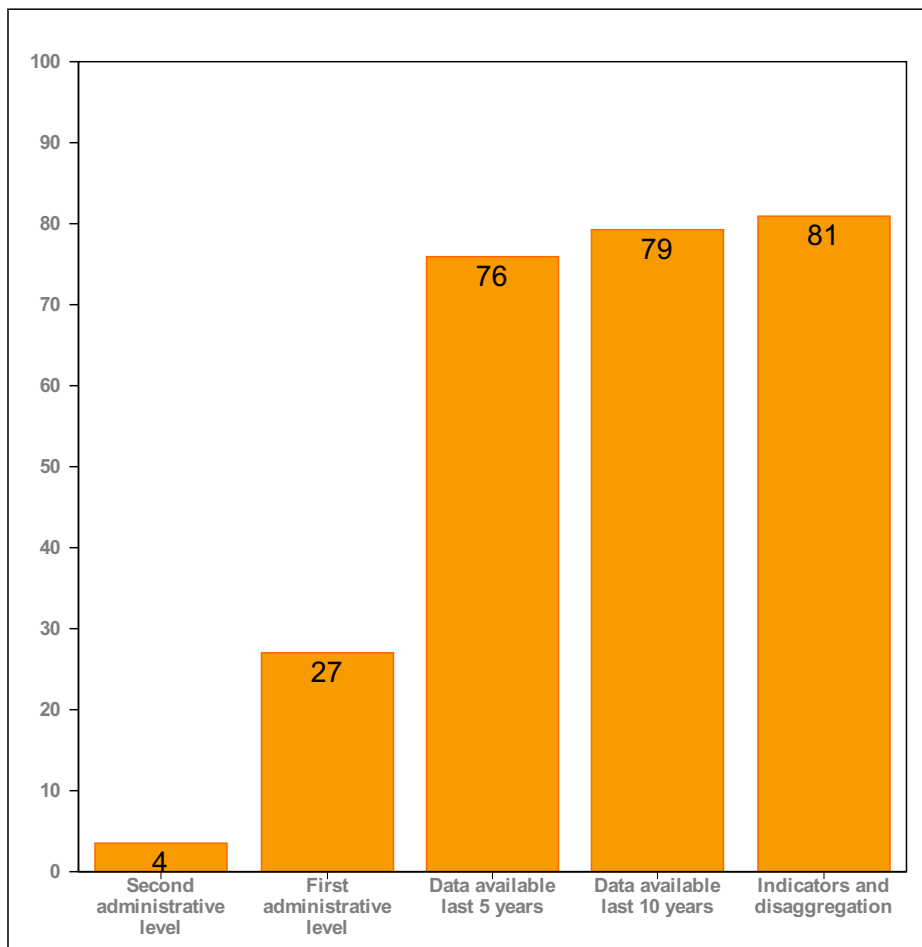
0

Indicators Lacking Sex Disaggregation

Sex- disaggregated data are important to reflect the realities of men and women in various policy areas and narrow gender inequalities.

48%

Coverage Element Scores, 2020



Understanding the Scores

Coverage scores are based on five [coverage elements](#).^{*} Overall coverage scores are an average of all criteria.

Score 100

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Scores 81-99

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Scores 61-80

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Openness

The Open Data Inventory (ODIN) assesses openness based on five coverage elements described below. Each category receives a coverage score based on the amount of data available in that category. Average scores across all categories are shown in the chart below.

In general, openness scores are based on the format and licensing of the datasets, the comprehensiveness of metadata, and what download options exist.

Data License/Terms of Use

The licensing or terms of use that govern the use and reuse of data assessed in ODIN are classified as Open, Some Restrictions, Not Open or Not Available (if no license is found). Below is licensing information for data from the national statistics office on their website and most prominent data portal, if applicable.

NSO Website

Federal State Statistics Service

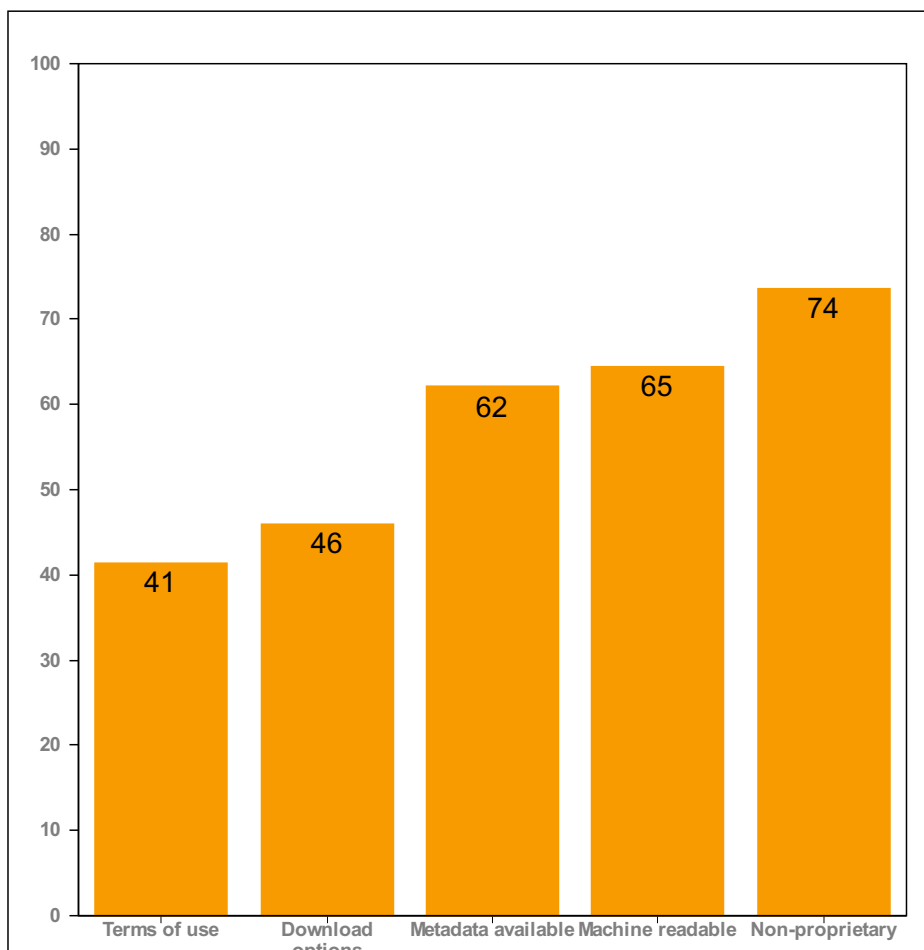
Not Available

NSO Data Portal

[EMISS Portal](#)

Open

Openness Element Scores, 2020



Understanding the Scores

Openness scores are based on [five openness elements](#). Overall openness scores are an average of all criteria.

Score 100

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Scores 81-99

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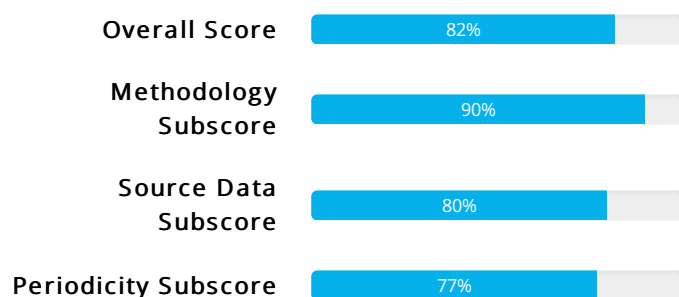
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Country Context

To understand a country's commitment to open data, it is important to look at ODIN scores in context. The information below includes assessments of the country's statistical capacity, links to relevant laws, and comparative measures of the country's performance on other measures of data coverage, openness, and government transparency.

Statistical Capacity Indicators

The World Bank's Statistical Capacity Indicator is a composite score assessing the capacity of a country's statistical system. It is based on a diagnostic framework assessing the following areas: methodology; data sources; and periodicity and timeliness. For more information, click the scores below.



Legal Framework

To be sustainable, open data initiatives must be supported by a strong legal framework. Below are some of the more common national laws that should work in coordination with open data policies and data licenses.

Statistical Law Not available ([link](#))

Right to Information Law Federal Law on Providing Access to Information on the Activities of Government Bodies and Bodies of Local Self-Government ([link](#))

Copyright Law Civil Code of the Russian Federation (Part Four, as amended up to Federal Law No. 549-FL of December 27, 2018, and Federal Law No. 177-FL of July 18, 2019) ([link](#))

Data Commitments

National Data Strategy

National data strategies or National Strategies for the Development of Statistics (NSDS) provide a country with a strategy for developing statistical capacity across the entire national statistical system (NSS). It presents the statistics office's priorities for the next 5-10 years.

Russian Federation does not have a national data strategy.

IMF Standards for Data Dissemination

Data dissemination standards enhance the availability of timely and comprehensive statistics, which contributes to sound macroeconomic policies and the efficient functioning of financial markets.

Russian Federation is a [SDDS Subscriber](#)

Open Data Charter (ODC)

The ODC is a collaboration between over 100 governments and organisations working to open up data based on a shared set of seven principles.

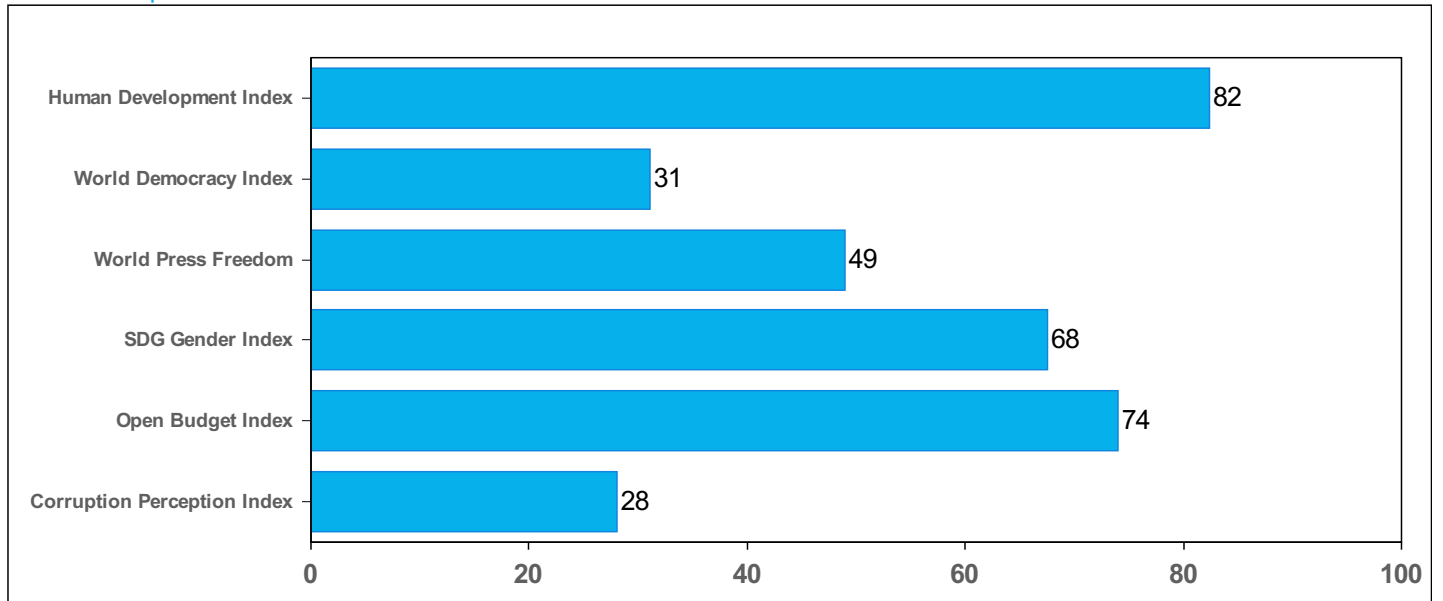
Russian Federation has not adopted the charter.

Open Government Partnership (OGP)

OGP is a multilateral initiative that aims to secure concrete commitments from national and subnational governments to promote open government, empower citizens, fight corruption, and harness new technologies to strengthen governance.

Russian Federation is not a participant.

Index Comparison



All scores have been converted to a 100 point scale.